

Parkin G284R Mutant (His₁₀-SUMO)

Cat. # UB321

Background:

Encoded by the PARK2 gene, the E3 ligase Parkin is part of the multi-protein E3 complex that encodes substrate proteins for degradation in the Ubiquitin-Proteasome Pathway¹. The precise function of this protein is unknown; however, mutations in this gene are known to cause a familial form of Parkinson's disease known as autosomal recessive juvenile Parkinson's disease (AR-JP). Parkin is described to be necessary for mitophagy (autophagy of mitochondria). The G284R mutation has been shown to impair binding and recruitment to mitochondria by introducing steric clashes with pUb2.

Application:

For use in investigating and research of the Parkin and PINK1 pathway and/or drug discovery.

Product Information

Purity: > 95% by SDS-PAGE

Molecular Weight: 64 kDa

Physical State: Liquid, 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 0.15 M NaCl, 10% Glycerol

Species: Human Source: E. coli

His10-SUMO Tag:

Quantity: 25 µg

Storage: -80° C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles

References

- 1. Wang, X.-L. et al. Parkin, an E3 Ubiquitin Ligase, Plays an Essential Role in Mitochondrial Quality Control in Parkinson's Disease. Cell Mol Neurobiol 41, 1395-1411 (2021).
- 2. Yi, W. et al. The landscape of Parkin variants reveals pathogenic mechanisms and therapeutic targets in Parkinson's disease. Hum Mol Genet 28, 2811-2825 (2019).

All products are for research use only • not intended for human or animal diagnostic or therapeutic uses Copyright © 2009 LifeSensors, Inc. All Rights Reserved