

Untagged Parkin E3 Ligase

Cat. # UB318

Background: Encoded by the PARK2 gene, the E3 ligase Parkin is part of the multi-protein E3 complex that

encodes substrate proteins for degradation in the Ubiquitin-Proteosome Pathway. The precise function of this protein is unknown; however, mutations in this gene are known to cause a familial form of Parkinson's disease known as autosomal recessive juvenile Parkinson's disease (AR-JP).

Parkin is described to be necessary for mitophagy (autophagy of mitochondria).

For use in investigating and research of the Parkin and PINK1 pathway of mitophagy and/or drug **Application:**

discovery.

Product Information

Species: Human Source: E. coli

Purity: ≥ 95% by SDS-PAGE

Molecular Weight: 51.6 kDa

Tag: None (Untagged)

Quantity: 25 µg

Physical State: Liquid, 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 0.15 M NaCl, 10% Glycerol

Quantity: 25 µg

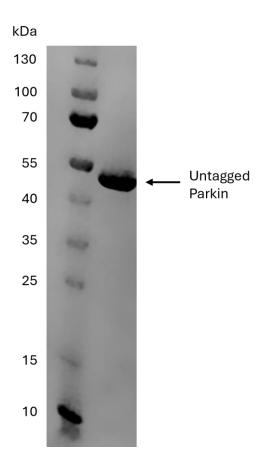
Storage: -80° C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles

References

- 1. Ge, P., Dawson, V. L. & Dawson, T. M. PINK1 and Parkin mitochondrial quality control: a source of regional vulnerability in Parkinson's disease. Molecular Neurodegeneration 15, 20 (2020).
- 2. Quinn, P. M. J., Moreira, P. I., Ambrósio, A. F. & Alves, C. H. PINK1/PARKIN signalling in neurodegeneration and neuroinflammation. Acta Neuropathologica Communications 8, 189 (2020).

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Data



SDS-Page Analysis of purified Untagged Parkin. Four µg of the protein was loaded on a 10-20% SDS-PAGE gel and stained with Coomassie brilliant blue

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