E3 Ligase Profiling & Screening

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- Leading Biotech in UPS Drug Discovery and Diagnostic R&D
- ~500 Products, Proteins, Ubiquitin Affinity Reagents (TUBEs), Inhibitors, Assays, Kits and Proprietary Protein Expression Systems (SUMO)
- Drug Discovery, UPS and PROTAC Screening Services
- Profiling Compounds Against Ubiquitin Ligases and DUBs
- Custom Assay Development and Collaborative Research

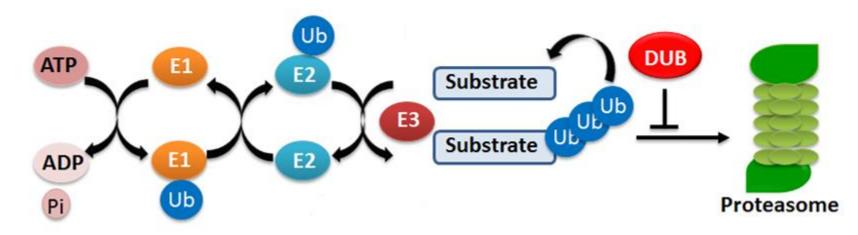


E3 Ligase Drug Discovery Capabilities

- Expressed and purified ~30 biologically active E3 ligases
- Developed 20 different assays for E3 ligases (auto and substrate ubiquitylation)
- Ability to screen ~500,000 compounds
- Enzyme selectivity panels and compound profiling
- Determine compound MOA, cellular and target tissue PD markers
- Enabling technologies based on TUBE applications



Ubiquitin Proteasome System



E1 – Ubiquitin activating enzyme

Requires ATP to attach Ub to E1

E2 – Ubiquitin conjugating enzyme

Transfers Ub from E1 to E3

E3 – Ubiquitin ligases

Transfers Ub to self or substrate Forms mono-Ub or poly-Ub chains DUB – Deubiquitinase

Removes mono-Ub or poly-Ub chains

Proteasome – Degrades ubiquitylated proteins



E3 Ligase Drug Screening Overview

Step One: Assay development, optimization and HTS

E3 ELISA Assay

TR-FRET E3 Assay

Step Two: Hit-to-lead optimization

Working with medicinal chemistry team

Selectivity panel, compound profiling

Step Three: Confirm hits in cellular assays

UbiQuant S assay (ELISA / AlphaLISA)

<u>UbiTest</u> (Immunoblot-based assay)

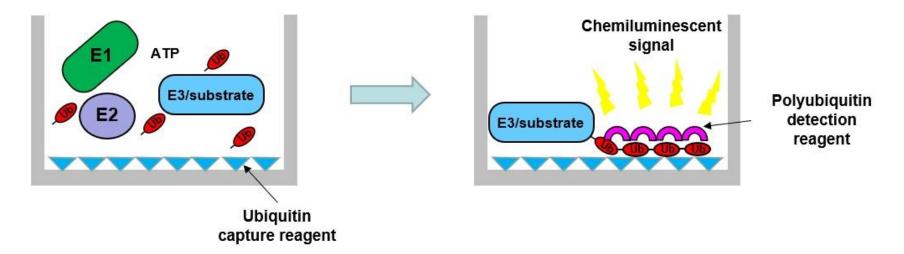
PROTAC microtiter plate (monitor in vivo target ubiquitination)



Step One: Assay Development, Optimization and HTS

E3 Ligase ELISA Assays

Quantification of E3 ubiquitin ligase activity, employs a proprietary TUBE reagent to capture polyubiquitin chains formed in an E3 ligase dependent manner



The polyubiquitylated substrate is detected using chemiluminescent-conjugated TUBEs. The chemiluminescent signal can be followed over time in a homogenous, high-throughput format, making it ideal for small-molecule screening.

from genomics to proteomics

Example of E3 Ligase ELISA Assay

E3 EILSA Assay 1.6 Carp2 1.4 ○ + NEM 1.2 Counts x 10⁻⁶ 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 Ŭ I I T I I -10 -11 -9 -8 -7

Dose response of CARP2 with ubiquitin E3 ligase activity assay

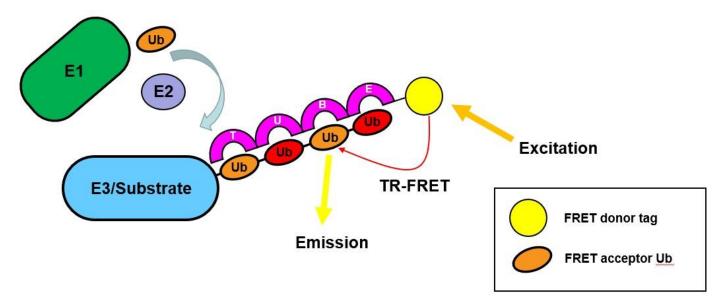
log[Carp2], M



Step One: Assay Development, Optimization and HTS

TR-FRET E3 Ligase Assay

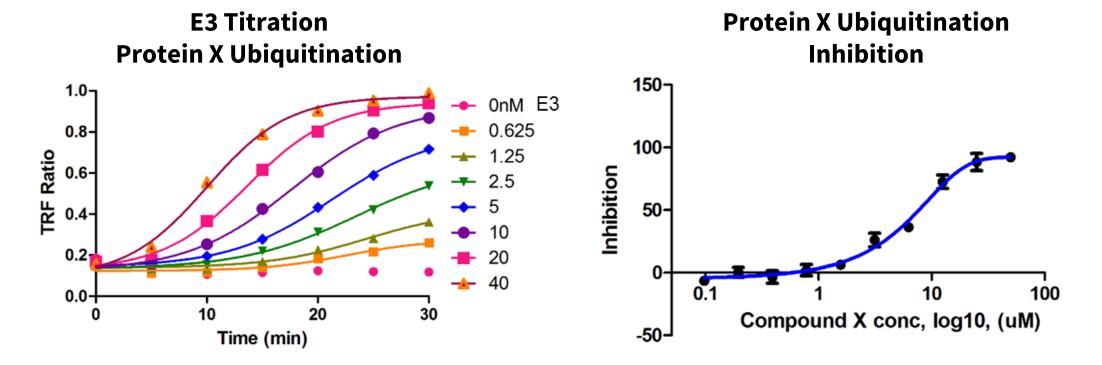
Fluorescence-based high-throughput assay system for screening compound libraries against E3 ligase activity



The **TR-FRET E3 Assay** involves terbium-labeled TUBEs that bind to fluorescein-labelled polyubiquitin chains synthesized by the target E3 ligase. Terbium and fluorescein are a FRET pair, so polyubiquitin chains containing fluorescein-labeled ubiquitin yield a FRET signal when bound by a terbium-TUBE. This signal can be monitored over time in a homogenous, high-throughput format, making it ideal for small-molecule screening.

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Example of TR-FRET E3 Ligase Assay



E3 TR-FRET assay and inhibitor dose response curve

Protein X was used as a substrate for this E3 ligase. After initial TR-FRET high-throughput screening, selected candidates were used to analyze IC50 by titration assay.

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Step Two: Hit-to-lead optimization

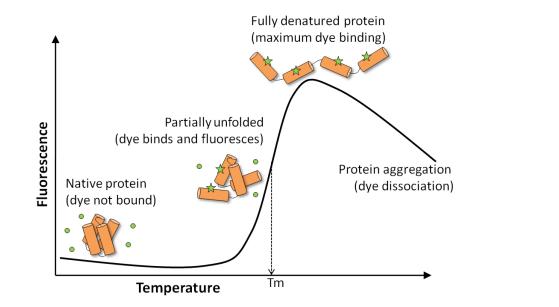
Validation Assays

Thermal Shift Assay

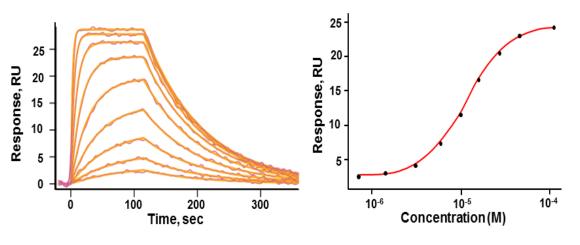
HTS assay to detect compound binding to a target

Surface Plasma Resonance

Determination of a small molecule affinity to a target







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LifeSensors E3 ligases Selectivity Panel

(largest collection in functional E3s in the industry and growing)

E3 Ligase Panel	Representative E3s
Panel I (12 E3 ligases)	Hdm2, CARP2, Cbl-b, Hrd1, gp78, MURF1, Parkin, phospho-Parkin, Praja1, TRAF6, Nedd4, cIAP2
Panel II (27 E3 ligases, includes E3 from panel I as well)	CARP2, CHIP, TRIM32, TRIM47, c-Cbl, cIAP2, IDOL, Parkin, phospho-PARKIN, SIAH2, E6-AP, Itch, Nedd4L, WWP2, CRBN,VHL, Hdm2, CARP2, Cbl-b, Hrd1, gp78, MURF1, MURF2, MURF3, Parkin, Praja1, TRAF6

Each ligase assay has been validated in TR-FRET assays with regard to E2 pairing. LifeSensors profiles inhibitory or activation properties of every compound in Panel I followed by Panel II.

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Step Two: Hit-to-lead optimization

Mechanistic Validation Assays

Secondary screens to deconvolute hits from E3 screening (eliminating compounds that affect E1-E2 conjugation)

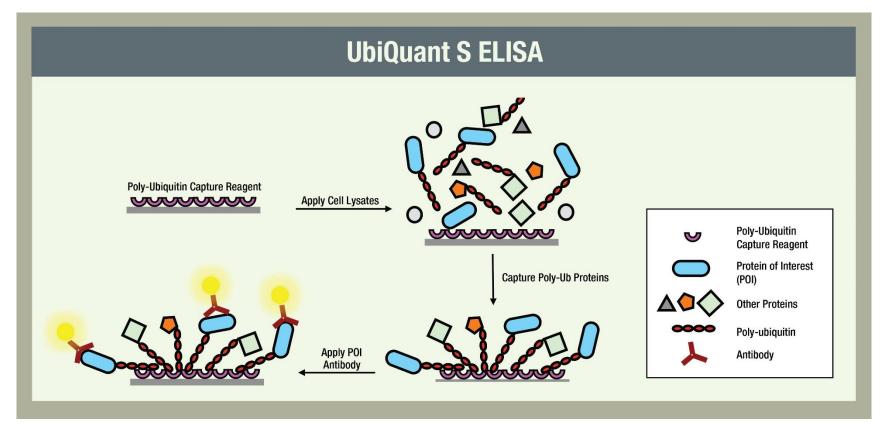
- E3 Lite Measures E3 activity
- E1 Lite Measures E1 activity
- E1/E2 transfer Measures transfer between E1 to E2
- **E2 Profiling and Selection** Finds the best E2 for your E3



Step Three: Confirm hits in cellular assays

UbiQuant S ELISA Assay

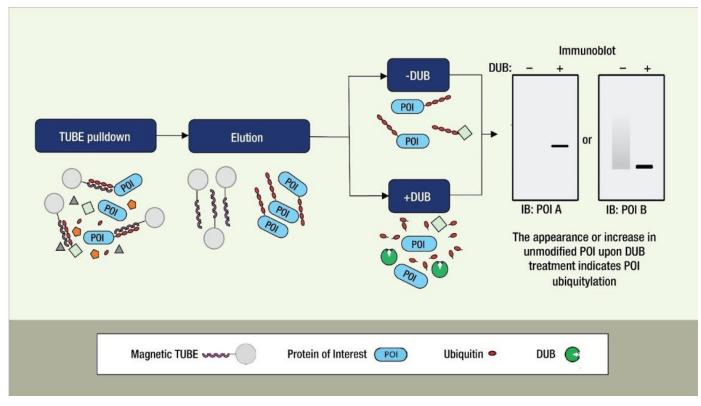
Enables accurate determination of substrate (POI) ubiquitylation for monitoring the effects of various treatments on patterns of cellular substrate ubiquitylation



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Step Three: Confirm hits in cellular assays

UbiTest: Assay to measure ubiquitylation of POI in cells

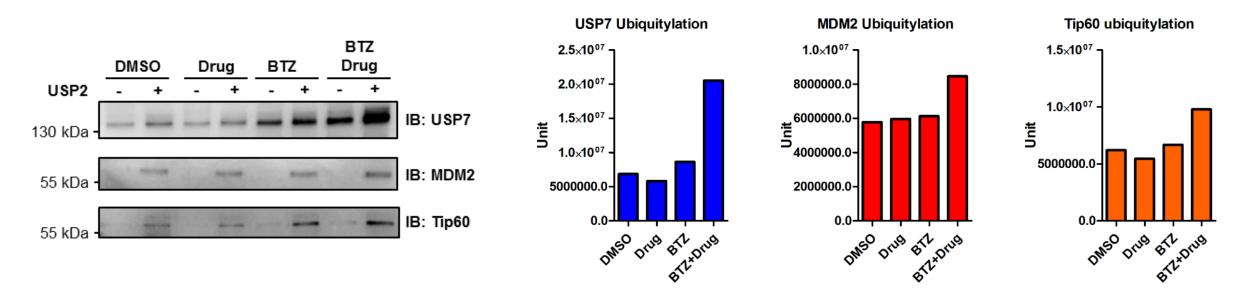


<u>UbiTest</u> – a TUBE-based pull-down method that isolates total cellular ubiquitylated proteins. Subsequently, samples are treated with panselective DUBs to remove polyubiquitin chains. The target protein is identified by its native molecular weight and analyzed and quantified by immunoblotting. UbiTest is one of the most sensitive methods available to quantify ubiquitylation levels of proteins in vivo.

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Example of UbiTest Assay



Determine endogenous target protein ubiquitylation using UbiTest

Jurkat cells were treated with indicated compounds and lysed in RIPA buffer. Anti-Ub TUBE1 agarose resin was added for pull down total polyubiquitylated proteins and then elution was incubated with DUB. Immunoblot (left) of the assay is shown and quantitation (right) of the bands showed increased signal of USP7, MDM2, Tip60 after DUB treatment indicating they are polyubiquitylated.

E3 Ligase Screening & Profiling Service

- > Express biologically active E3 Ligases and substrates
- > Develop and optimize HTS assays for E3 ligase
- Screen in house libraries or customer libraries at LifeSensors
- > Confirmation and counter screening to eliminate off-target compounds
- Biophysical and biochemical assays development for target engagement

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- > Cell-based assays to determine target engagement by compound
- > All IP and data belong to the customer
- > Work performed under CDA and Master Service Agreement
- > Fee for service model, defined milestone-based agreement

Contact Us!

Your partner for E3 Ligase and PROTAC drug discovery

BD

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